WEEK 1

3.31 Jiaqi Zhang

pYB1a-PobR constructing experiment

E.coli T1 with pYB1a-GFP was inoculated and plasmid mini kit was used to extract the plasmid pYB1a-GFP. The vector and *pobR* gene were amplified used specific primers. The PCR system and procedure are showed below.

pYB1a-GFP: 1uL	pobR: 1uL	98°C	3min
2*High Fidelity Master: 25uL	pobR-Gibson-F: 1uL	98°C	30s
pYB1a-Gibson-F: 1uL	pobR-Gobson-R : 1uL	60°C	$30s \\ 30s \\ 2min $
pYB1a-Gibson-R:1uL	2*High Fidelity Master: 25uL	72°C	2min J
ddw: 22uL	ddw: 22uL	72°C	5min

Figure 1 The PCR system and procedure of pYB1a-GFP vector and gene *pobR* The amplified vectors were digested by DpnI and verified by electrophoresis. The amplified gene *pobR* was verified by electrophoresis as well.



Figure 2 The electrophoresis pictures of pYB1a-GFP vector and gene *pobR* The fragments of pYB1a-GFP vector and gene *pobR* were linked by the method of Gibson. After adding substrates, the mixture was inoculated under 30° C for 30 minutes. The system is showed below.

> pYB1a-GFP: 1uL pobR: 1uL Exnase multis: 1uL 5x CE Multis Buffer: 2uL ddW:5uL

Figure 3 The system of Gibson ligation of pYB1a-GFP vector and gene *pobR* After ligation, the plasmid was transferred into T1 receptive which plate coating were performed, and colonies were selected and inserted into LB liquid medium.



Figure 4 The picture of solid medium of recombinant T1 / pYB1a-PobR-GFP

4.1 Zishu Yang

pYB1a-PobR-eGFP-Chl constructing experiment

The *Chl* gene was amplified by using specific primers. The PCR system and procedure are showed below.

Chl-F: 1uL	98°C	2min	
	98°C	30s 7	
Chl-R: 1uL	55°C	30s 30s 30s } x30	
2*High Fidelity Master: 25uL	72°C	_{30s} J	
dd水:22uL	72°C	3min	
pSB1c: 1uL			

Figure 5 The PCR system and procedure of Chl gene

The amplified fragments were purified and concentration was 53 ng/ μ L. XhoI, BglII double enzymes were used to digest pYB1a-PobR-eGFP plasmid in order to gain desired vector. The following is the system of digestion system.

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Bgl II : 1 uL
Xho I :1 uL
10x Green Buffer: 5 uL
pYB1a-pobR-eGFP: 30 uL
ddW: 13 uL
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Figure 6 The XhoI、Bgl II double enzyme digestion system of pYB1a-PobR-eGFP plasmid

After digestion under 37° C for 2 h, digested pYB1a-PobR-eGFP was verified by electrophoresis which was showed below.



Figure 7 The electrophoresis pictures of digested pYB1a-PobR-eGFP The fragments of pYB1a-PobR-eGFP vector and gene Chl were linked by T4 ligase. After adding substrates, the mixture was inoculated under 16°C for 2 hours. The system is showed below.

> ChI: 4uL pYB1a-pobR: 4uL T4 ligase: 1uL T4 ligase Buffer: 1uL

Figure 8 The The system of T4 ligation of pYB1a-PobR-eGFP vector and gene Chl

4.2 Linshan Cao

pYB1a-PobR-eGFP-Chl constructing experiment

The growth of the plates was good, and single colonies were selected from each plate for colony PCR.



Figure 9 Colony PCR result

Lane 1 product was transferred into the liquid LB, 12 h after using plasmid mini kit, extracted plasmid was verified by using enzyme digestion.

Bgl: 0.5uL Xho: 0.5uL 10xBuffer: 1uL ddW: 2uL

Figure 10 Enzyme digestion system



Figure 11 Electrophoresis results of enzyme digestion verification The result showed the lane 2 product was the correct.

4.6 Zhihao Wang

Preliminary experiments of chloramphenicol screening

Our screening system: $200 \ \mu L \ LB + 1\%$ bacteria solution (T1/pYB1a-pobR-eGFP-Cmr) + $10\% \ 0.6 \ g/L \ 4HB + 0.1\%$ ampicillin ($50 \ mg/mL$) + 0.1% chloramphenicol in different concentrations



Figure 1 0.6 g/L 4HB different concentrations of chloramphenicol The chloramphenicol concentration of 20 mg/mL made bacteria (T1/pYB1a-pobReGFP-Cmr) survive with 0.6 g/L 4HB's induction, so we chose this chloramphenicol concentration for a follow-up experiment.