

## WEEK 13

### 6.22 Shuhan Liu

#### Photocopying

11 groups of 660 bacteria were carried out, and 2 strains meeting the requirements were screened out.

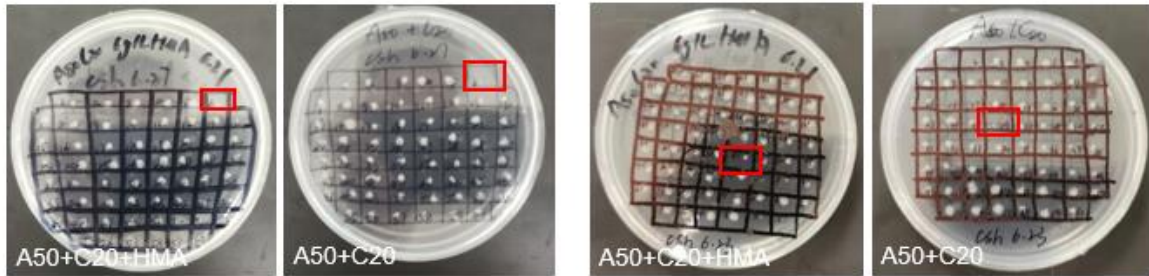


Figure 1 Photocopy of partial results

Photocopy 660 bacteria, of which the 26th on June 23rd and the 6th on June 28th are ideal for re-screening and certification, and the rest are false positive bacteria.

### 6.26 Sunyue Cai

#### Re-screening verification

No ideal strains appear.

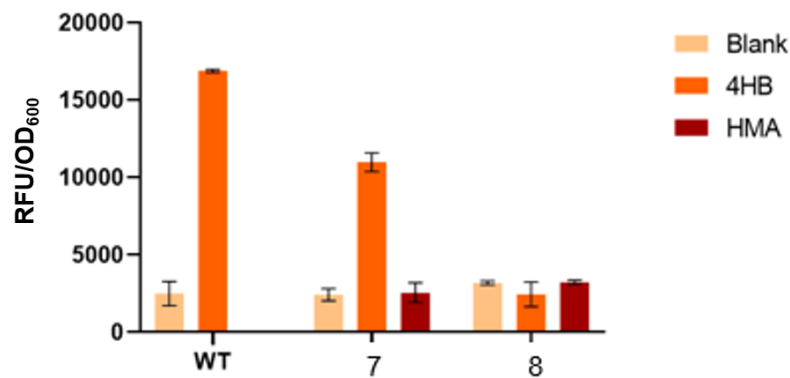


Fig 2 Re-screening verification data of two strains showing good growth conditions in photocopying

A total of two bacteria were re-screened and verified, and they were all false positive bacteria. Bacteria No. 8 did not respond to 4HB and HMA, and ideal strains did not appear.

## 6.27 Beimeng Zhang

### Verification of the efficiency of commercialization to competence

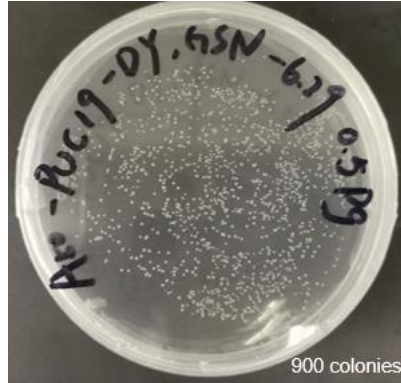


Figure 3 PUC19 plasmid verification DH5a

PUC19 plasmid: 5 pgDNA is transferred to 50  $\mu$ L competent, 500  $\mu$ L LB is added, and 0.5 pgDNA (A50) is applied.

The conversion efficiency is  $1.8 \cdot 10^9$ /ug.



Figure 4 50  $\mu$ g/mL ampicillin board verification



Figure 550  $\mu$ g/mL ampicillin + 20  $\mu$ g/mL chloramphenicol + 0.6 g/L 4HB board verification

pYB1a-PobR-Cmr-eGFP 50 pg DNA is transferred to 50  $\mu$ L competence, 500  $\mu$ L LB is added, and 5 pg DNA is applied.

19 colonies appeared on the 50  $\mu$ g/mL ampicillin plate (transformation efficiency is  $3.8 \cdot 10^6$ );

no colonies appeared on the 50 µg/mL ampicillin+20 µg/mL chloramphenicol+0.6 g/L 4HB plate.

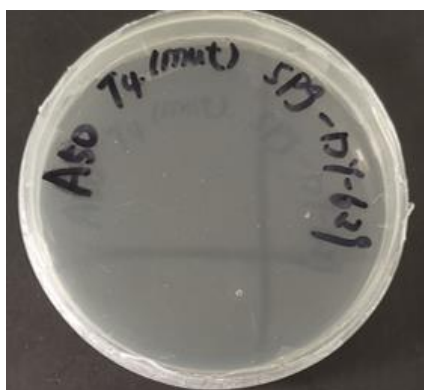


Figure 6 T4 connection Mega digestion product verification DH5a  
T4 connects Mega product 50 pg DNA to 50 µL competent, add 500 µL LB, apply 5 pg DNA (50 µg/mL ampicillin). No colonies appeared on the 50 µg/mL ampicillin plate.

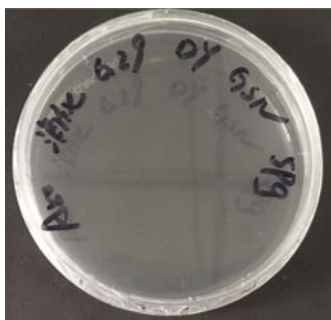


Figure 7 Mega digestion product verification DH5a  
Mega digestion and purification product (9.254 ng/µL) 50 pg DNA to 50 µL competent, add 500 µL LB:

(1) Apply 5 pg DNA: ① 50 µg/mL ampicillin, ② 50 µg/mL ampicillin+20 µg/mL chloramphenicol, ③ 50 µg/mL ampicillin+20 µg/mL chloramphenicol +0.6 g/L HMA  
No colonies appeared on all the plates

## 6.29 Baitong Shen

### Construction of engineering bacteria

Construction of pYB1a-aroGfbr-pheAfbr new point mutant, preparation for *tyrB* knockout  
1. Construction of a new point mutant of pYB1a-aroGfbr-pheAfbr (construction of pYB1a-aroGfbr-pheAfbr-2)

It is expected to divide the target gene into four fragments for PCR, use primer design to introduce mutation sites, then use overlap to connect 12 and 34 fragments respectively, use XhoI and BglIII to linearize the vector, and then use Gibson for multi-fragment ligation

The primers are as follows:

aroG-F-2	gcctggtgccgcgcccagcctcagATGAATTATCAGAACGACGAT
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aroG-over1-R	GATCATgttGAGAAACTCACCTGCCGctg
aroG-over2-F	GTGAGTTTCTCaacATGATCACCCACAATatct
aroG-over-2-R	CGCACCGGCggtATTAATGGCATCGATAGCCA
aroG-over-3-F	CCATTAATaccGCCGGTGCGCCGCACTGCtt
pheA-over-3-R	CACCGGCTTGtttCGCCATTAACAACGTGgttt
pheA-over-4-F	AATGGCGaaaCAAGCCGGTGCCTGGTTGAA
pheA-R	ccgaattcaccactagtaccagatctTCAGGTTGGATCAACAGG

The PCR system is as follows:

Snippet 1		Snippet 2		Snippet 3		Snippet 4	
aroG-F-2	1 μ L	aroG-over-2-F	1 μ L	aroG-over-3-F	1 μ L	pheA-over-4-F	1 μ L
aroG-over1-R	1 μ L	aroG-over-2-R	1 μ L	pheA-over-3-R	1 μ L	pheA-R	1 μ L
2*High Fidelity Mix	25 μ L	2*High Fidelity Mix	2 5 μ L	2*High Fidelity Mix	2 5 μ L	2*High Fidelity Mix	2 5 μ L
DDW	22 μ L	DDW	2 2 μ L	DDW	2 2 μ L	DDW	2 2 μ L
pYB1a-aroG-pheA	1 μ L	pYB1a-aroG-pheA	1 μ L	pYB1a-aroG-pheA	1 μ L	pYB1a-aroG-pheA	1 μ L

PCRCondition:

PCR conditions for fragment 1, 2, 4		PCR conditions for fragment 3	
98 °C	2 min	98 °C	2 min
98 °C	30 s	98 °C	30 s
60 °C	30 s	60 °C	30 s
72 °C	30 s	72 °C	30 s
72 °C	3 min	72 °C	3 min

X30

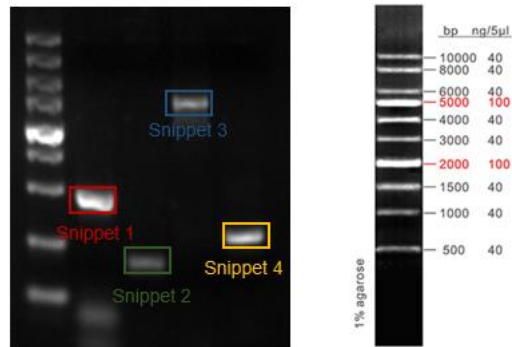


Figure 8 Detection gel image of fragment 1, 2, 3, 4  
Fragments 1, 3 are gel-recovered, and fragments 2, 4 are directly purified.

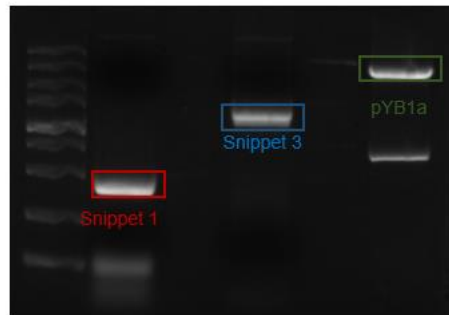


Figure 9 The detection glue after the glue is recycled2) *tyrB* knockout preparation

After redesigning the primers, use the following system for fragment amplification :

pTarget-tyrB PCR System		PCR Condition	
tyrB-target-F-2	1 $\mu$ L	98 $^{\circ}$ C	3 min
tyrB-target-R-2	1 $\mu$ L	98 $^{\circ}$ C	30 s
2*High Fidelity Mix	25 $\mu$ L	60 $^{\circ}$ C	30 s
DDW	22 $\mu$ L	72 $^{\circ}$ C	1 min
pTarget-613	1 $\mu$ L	72 $^{\circ}$ C	3 min

X30

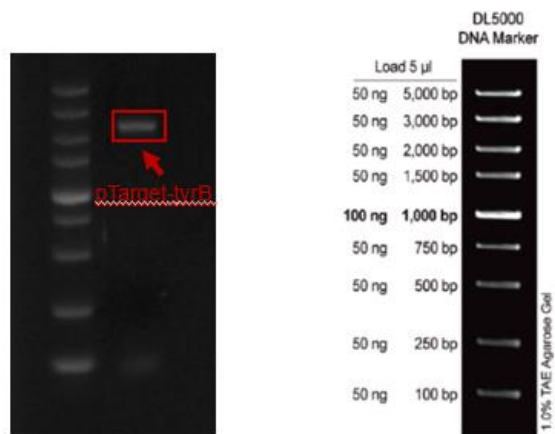


Figure 10 pTarget-tyrB detection gel map

After the PCR product was purified, it was digested with DpnI, and then all transferred to T1 competence. After 12 hours, the growth status is as follows:

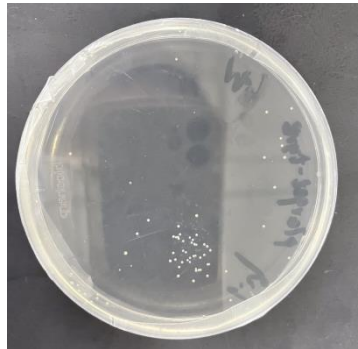


Figure 11 T1 Competent Growth State after 12h

Pick 3 of the colonies and use liquid LB to expand the culture, extract the plasmid, and sequence.